



HOOSIERS NUMBERS

LABOR MARKET REVIEW

Economic Growth Region 6

Statistical Data Report for September 2012, Released November 2012

Regional and State Unemployment (seasonally adjusted)

Regional and state unemployment rates were generally lower in September. Forty-one states and the District of Columbia recorded unemployment rate decreases, six states posted rate increases, and three states had no change, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported recently. Forty-four states and the District of Columbia registered unemployment rate decreases from a year earlier, while six states experienced increases. The national jobless rate decreased to 7.8 percent from August and was 1.2 percentage points lower than in September 2011.

September 2012 Labor Force Estimates (not seasonally adjusted)							
Area	Labor Force	Employed Unemployed		Sep 2012 Rate	Aug 2012 Rate	Sep 2011 Rate	
U.S.	155,075,000	143,333,000	11,742,000	7.6%	8.2%	8.8%	
IN	3,160,209	2,922,915	237,294	7.5%	8.0%	8.9%	
EGR 6	157,216	143,659	13,557	8.6%	9.3%	10.0%	
Muncie MSA	54,009	49,265	4,744	8.8%	9.4%	9.9%	
Blackford County	5,988	5,442	546	9.1%	10.0%	11.0%	
Delaware County	54,009	49,265	4,744	8.8%	9.4%	9.9%	
Fayette County	9,056	8,152	904	10.0%	10.8%	12.6%	
Henry County	21,863	19,897	1,966	9.0%	9.6%	10.9%	
Jay County	11,077	10,400	677	6.1%	6.7%	7.4%	
Randolph County	12,872	11,807	1,065	8.3%	8.9%	9.8%	
Rush County	8,891	8,258	633	7.1%	7.6%	8.7%	
Union County	3,499	3,255	244	7.0%	7.9%	8.7%	
Wayne County	29,961	27,183	2,778	9.3%	10.2%	10.9%	
Muncie City	31,132	28,409	2,723	8.7%	9.8%	10.4%	
Connersville	5,094	4,527	567	11.1%	12.1%	13.3%	
New Castle	8,032	7,287	745	9.3%	10.3%	11.5%	
Richmond	15,343	13,794	1,549	10.1%	10.8%	11.3%	
Rushville	3,300	3,011	289	8.8%	8.3%	9.6%	

State Release Date: 10/19/2012

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Local Area

Unemployment Statistics



Economic Growth Region (EGR) 6

Blackford, Delaware, Fayette, Henry, Jay, Randolph, Rush, Union and Wayne Counties.

Unemployment Rates by State, September 2012 (seasonally adjusted)

Illinois - 8.8% Indiana -8.2 % Kentucky -8.4 % Michigan - 9.3% Ohio - 7.0%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Rank by County, Sept 2012

(high to low)

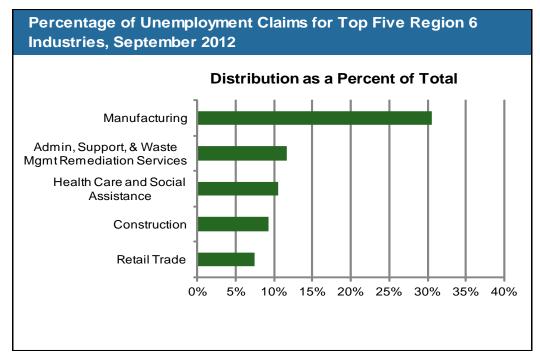
#3	Fayette	10.0%
#7	Wayne	9.3%
#8	Blackford	9.1%
#9	Henry	9.0%
#12	Delaware	8.8%
#29	Randolph	8.3%
#55	Rush	7.1%
#59	Union	7.0%
#79	Jay	6.1%

Source: Indiana Dept. of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Consumer Price Index (CPI-U Change), Unadjusted Percent Change to September 2012 from:						
CPI Item	Sep-11	Aug-12	Sep-11	Aug-12		
	U.S. City		Midwest Region*			
All Items	2.0%	0.4%	1.9%	0.3%		
Food & Beverages	1.6%	0.1%	1.2%	-0.1%		
Housing	1.5%	0.1%	1.1%	0.0%		
Apparel	2.7%	4.1%	2.6%	4.3%		
Transportation	3.0%	1.2%	3.2%	0.7%		
Medical Care	4.1%	0.2%	4.6%	0.2%		
Recreation	1.3%	0.0%	1.9%	-0.3%		
Education & Communication	1.5%	0.4%	1.6%	0.5%		
Other Goods & Services	1.9%	0.0%	3.0%	0.1%		

^{*}Midwest region = Midwest Urban Average. Midwest Region includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio. South Dakota and Wisconsin

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, UI Statistics

WARN Notices

There are no WARN notices for September 2012

For information on WARN Act requirements, you may go to the U.S. Department of Labor Employment Training Administration Fact Sheet: http://www.doleta.gov/programs/factsht/warn.htm

Unemployment Claims, Sept. 2012

Economic Growth Region 6

Initial Claims

September 1, 2012 –226 (D) September 8, 2012 –198 (D)

September 15, 2012 –392 (D

September 22, 2012 –195 (D

September 29, 2012 -226 (D

Continued Claims

September 1, 2012 –2,006

September 8, 2012 –1,967

September 15, 2012 –2,129

September 22, 2012 -1,923

September 29, 2012 -1,896

Total Claims*

September 1, 2012 -4,465

September 8, 2012 -4,390

September 15, 2012 -4,673

September 22, 2012 -4,199

September 29, 2012 -4,189

D' indicates item is affected by non-disclosure issues relating to industry or ownership status.

State of Indiana

Initial Claims

September 1, 2012 -4,619

September 8, 2012 -4,552

September 15, 2012 -6,208

September 22, 2012 -4,051

September 29, 2012 -4,227

Continued Claims

September 1, 2012 -39,957

September 8, 2012 -39,590

September 15, 2012 -41,020

September 22, 2012 -37,687

September 29, 2012 -36,993

Total Claims*

September 1, 2012 -85,207

September 8, 2012 -84,178

September 15, 2012 -86,572

September 22, 2012 -80,543

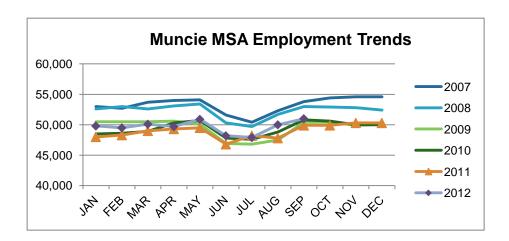
September 29, 2012 –79,296

*Total claims include EUC (Emergency Unemployment Compensation). Claims data are updated weekly, including counts for the preceding four weeks. Please see Hoosiers by the Numbers for additional information.

Source: Indiana Dept. of Workforce Development, Research & Analysis, UI Statistics

Muncie Metropolitan Division Wage and Salaried Employment, Sep 2012							
				Number Change	Percent Change	Number Change	Percent Change
Industry	Sep-12	Aug-12	Sep-11	Aug-12 to Sep-12		Sep-11 to Sep-12	
Total Nonfarm	51,000	50,000	49,900	1,000	2.0%	1,100	2.2%
-Total Private	38,200	38,100	37,000	100	0.3%	1,200	3.2%
Goods Producing	5,700	5,700	5,600	0	0.0%	100	1.8%
Service-Providing	45,300	44,300	44,300	1,000	2.3%	1,000	2.3%
Private Service Providing	32,500	32,400	31,400	100	0.3%	1,100	3.5%
Mining, Logging and Construction	1,800	1,800	1,800	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Manufacturing	3,900	3,900	3,800	0	0.0%	100	2.6%
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	8,200	8,200	8,300	0	0.0%	-100	-1.2%
Wholesale Trade	1,000	1,000	1,000	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Retail Trade	6,100	6,100	6,200	0	0.0%	-100	-1.6%
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities	1,100	1,100	1,100	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Information	300	300	300	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Financial Activities	2,600	2,600	2,600	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Education and Health Services	9,700	9,500	9,600	200	2.1%	100	1.0%
Leisure and Hospitality	4,900	5,000	4,800	-100	-2.0%	100	2.1%
Other Services	1,600	1,600	1,600	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
-Government	12,800	11,900	12,900	900	7.6%	-100	-0.8%
State Government	8,000	8,000	8,600	0	0.0%	-600	-7.0%
Local Government	3,400	3,100	3,500	300	9.7%	-100	-2.9%
Local Government Educational Services	1,900	1,800	1,900	100	5.6%	0	0.0%

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Current Employment Statistics



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Current Employment Statistics

Applicant Pool

Top 20 Occupations Desired by Active Applicants on Their Résumés in the Past 12 months

- 1 Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other-735
- Customer Service Representatives-481
- 3 Helpers--Production Workers-444
- 4 Production Workers, All Other-351
- 5 Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand-339
- Office Clerks, General-271
- 7 Cashiers-248
- 8 Team Assemblers-191
- Manufacturing Production Technicians-176
- Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants-169
- 11 Retail Salespersons-162
- Managers, All Other-151
- 13 Construction Laborers-136
- 14 First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers-133
- Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks-132
- 16 Office and Administrative Support Workers, All Other-131
- 17 Receptionists and Information Clerks-129
- 18 Executive
 Secretaries and
 Executive
 Administrative
 Assistants-125
- Maintenance and Repair Workers, General-123
- Stock Clerks-Stockroom,Warehouse, or Storage Yard-121

Source: Indiana Dept. of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect

Usual Weekly Earnings of Wage and Salary Workers: Third Quarter 2012

(Excerpted from a Bureau of Labor Statistics report released October 18, 2012)

Median weekly earnings of the nation's 103.6 million full-time wage and salary workers were \$758 in the third quarter of 2012 (not seasonally adjusted), the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics has reported. This was 0.7 percent higher than a year earlier, compared with a gain of 1.7 percent in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) over the same period. Data on usual weekly earnings are collected as part of the Current Population Survey, a nationwide sample survey of households.

Highlights from the third-quarter data

- Seasonally adjusted median weekly earnings were \$765 in the third quarter of 2012, little changed from the previous quarter (\$773).
- On a not seasonally adjusted basis, median weekly earnings were \$758 in the third quarter of 2012. Women who usually worked full time had median weekly earnings of \$685, or 82.7 percent of the \$828 median for men.
- The female-to-male earnings ratio varied by race and ethnicity. White women earned 83.4 percent as much as their male counterparts, compared with black (93.2 percent), Hispanic (87.5 percent), and Asian women (73.1 percent).
- Among the major race and ethnicity groups, median weekly earnings for black men working at full-time jobs were \$633 per week, or 74.1 percent of the median for white men (\$854). The difference was less among women, as black women's median earnings (\$590) were 82.9 percent of those for white women (\$712). Overall, median earnings of Hispanics who worked full time (\$556) were lower than those of blacks (\$606), whites (\$780), and Asians (\$915).
- Usual weekly earnings of full-time workers varied by age. Among men, those age 45 to 54 and 55 to 64 had the highest median weekly earnings, \$976 and \$980, respectively. Usual weekly earnings were highest for women age 35 to 64; weekly earnings were \$740 for women age 35 to 44, \$754 for women age 45 to 54, and \$766 for women age 55 to 64. Workers age 16 to 24 had the lowest median weekly earnings, at \$437.
- Among the major occupational groups, persons employed full time in management, professional, and related occupations had the highest median weekly earnings--\$1,300 for men and \$948 for women. Men and women employed in service jobs earned the least, \$530 and \$440, respectively.
- By educational attainment, full-time workers age 25 and over without a high school diploma had median weekly earnings of \$464, compared with \$648 for high school graduates (no college) and \$1,170 for those holding at least a bachelor's degree. Among college graduates with advanced degrees (professional or master's degree and above), the highest earning 10 percent of male workers made \$3,448 or more per week, compared with \$2,311 or more for their female counterparts.

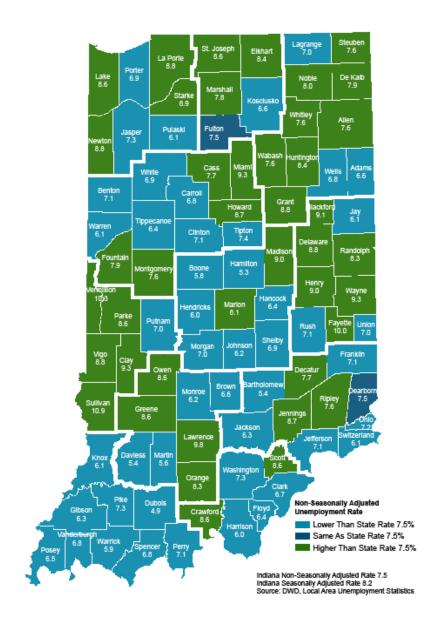
For the related BLS report in pdf format entitled *Employer Costs for Employee Compensation*, including data charts, click the Internet link: <u>U.S. Usual Weekly Earnings of Workers: Third-quarter 2012</u>

Frequently Listed Jobs for EGR 6 September 2012

- 1 Maintenance Workers, Machinery
- 2 Customer Service Representatives
- 3 Network and Computer Systems Administrators
- 4 Software Quality Assurance Engineers and Testers
- 5 Helpers--Production Workers
- 6 Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand
- 7 Team Assemblers
- 8 Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters
- 9 Merchandise Displayers and Window Trimmers
- 10 Retail Salespersons
- 11 Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants
- 12 Motor Vehicle Operators, All
- 13 Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers
- 14 Painters, Transportation Equipment
- 15 Registered Nurses
- 16 Foundry Mold and Coremakers
- 17 Security Guards
- 18 Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses
- 19 Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders
- 20 Personal Care and Service Workers, All Other

Source: Indiana Dept. of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect

County Unemployment Rates September 2012





Questions?

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